

GUIDANCE ON HYBRID HOUSE AND HYBRID GRAND COMMITTEE FROM THE PROCEDURE AND PRIVILEGES COMMITTEE: ISSUE 6, 2 OCTOBER 2020, TO TAKE EFFECT FROM 5 OCTOBER

Guidance on hybrid House

Introduction

1. On 22 May, the House of Lords Commission agreed that “hybrid House” sittings, with members participating both remotely and from the Chamber, should operate with effect from 8 June. The Procedure and Privileges Committee has drawn up this guidance to inform the operation of the hybrid House. It supports the Orders of the House relating to hybrid sittings agreed on 4 June and 28 July.
2. The 4 June and 28 July Orders make provision for this Committee to support the hybrid House and the hybrid Grand Committee by issuing guidance to vary the provisions of the *Companion to the Standing Orders*. This guidance underpins the hybrid House and hybrid Grand Committee and has the same authority as the *Companion*. The first edition of this guidance was agreed at a Procedure and Privileges Committee meeting on 5 June; the second edition was agreed at a meeting on 21 July and the third edition at a meeting on 22 September. This fourth edition of hybrid guidance sets out the procedures to be followed in the event of the failure of the remote voting system.

Status of the hybrid House

3. Sittings of the hybrid House have the same status as normal sittings of the House. The Mace is on the Woolsack and there must be a physical presence in the Chamber of at least three members, the quorum required in the physical House. This means that a hybrid House sitting can take all the decisions that the House as a whole normally takes. However, the quorum of 30 for divisions on bills and subordinate legislation under Standing Order 57 is made up of members participating physically or remotely.
4. Hybrid Grand Committees also require the physical presence of at least three members and can take the decisions that a Grand Committee can usually make.

Parity of treatment

5. Where practicable, there is parity of treatment between remote and physical participants in hybrid House and hybrid Grand Committee sittings. All members participating need to be included on the published Speakers’ List and members are not able to intervene spontaneously during business: the Chair calls each speaker by name.

Chairing of hybrid House sittings

6. Each sitting of the hybrid House is chaired from the Woolsack. The hybrid Grand Committee is chaired by a Deputy Speaker. The Chair may begin proceedings with a short statement setting out how they will work and any announcements, and as in the House the Chair may assist the House or Grand Committee by reminding it of applicable procedural rules. Similarly, the front benches, in particular the Government front bench, have a duty to

advise the House or Grand Committee on procedure and to draw attention to any abuse. Where appropriate, a member of the Government front bench will advise at the start of proceedings what the backbench speaking time is for time-limited items of business.

Attendance at hybrid sittings

7. Members may participate in hybrid House and hybrid Grand Committee sittings remotely via video-conferencing technology (currently Zoom), or physically in the Chamber or Grand Committee room. Members continue to be encouraged to participate remotely and in deciding whether to participate physically or remotely, members should take into account (1) the Government's guidance relating to work and social distancing; (2) their own personal circumstances; and (3) the constraints on the Chamber and hybrid Grand Committee room outlined below.

Participation in the Chamber

8. In order to adhere to the advice from Public Health England, the capacity for members to participate in proceedings in the Chamber while maintaining social distancing in compliance with PHE advice is 30, plus the two seats on the Judges' Woolsack, and the Deputy Speaker. Capacity for wheelchair users seeking to speak is one. Members who wish to participate from the Chamber should indicate this when signing up to the Speakers' List and it will not be possible for members subsequently to change a preference given as to location of participation between physical and remote. The whips' offices will allocate places if more than 30 members are seeking to participate physically for any single item of business.
9. Admission to the floor of the Chamber will be prioritised for members who have been allocated a Chamber-speaking place on the relevant Speakers' List, the Chair or other Deputy Speakers, the Leaders of the three main parties, the Convenor and whips. Where there is capacity for other members to enter the Chamber and sit on their party/group benches at a seat with a tick that indicates appropriate social distancing, this will be possible. Such members may not speak, except on brief business after oral questions (see below). Doorkeepers will advise members trying to enter the Chamber when spaces on their benches are not available. The party whips will ensure this system operates smoothly. The Chair may adjourn the sitting if it appears that the capacity in the Chamber of 30 members is likely to be exceeded.

Participation in the hybrid Grand Committee

10. In order to adhere to social distancing in compliance with PHE advice, the capacity for members to participate in proceedings in the Grand Committee room is around 28, plus the Deputy Speaker. Capacity for wheelchair users seeking to speak is one. Members who wish to participate physically from the Grand Committee room should indicate this when signing up to the Speakers' List and it will not be possible for members subsequently to change a preference given as to location of participation between physical and remote. The whips' offices will allocate places if more than 28 members are seeking to participate physically for any single item of business.
11. Admission to the Grand Committee room will be prioritised for members who have been allocated a physical speaking place on the relevant Speakers' List, the Chair or other Deputy Speakers, the Leaders and deputy Leaders

of the three main parties, the Convenor and whips. Where there is capacity for other members to enter the Grand Committee room and sit at an empty desk, this will be possible. Such members may not speak. Doorkeepers will advise members trying to enter the Grand Committee room whether there are any available desks. The party whips will ensure this system operates smoothly. The Chair may adjourn the sitting if it appears that the capacity in the Grand Committee room is likely to be exceeded.

12. Members must wear face coverings when entering, leaving or moving around the hybrid Grand Committee room (these will be available outside the room or members may wear their own). These should be removed before speaking in a debate. Members must speak sitting down. The Deputy has the power to adjourn the sitting if it appears that these or other safety requirements are being compromised.

Remote participation

13. The number of members who can take part remotely in the hybrid House or hybrid Grand Committee is capped at 50, as in the previous Virtual Proceedings, for the reasons explained in our previous guidance.
14. Admission to members participating remotely in hybrid House or hybrid Grand Committee sittings is via a link to a meeting sent direct to those members who have signed up to speak via the Speakers' List for that proceeding. Once that List has been agreed a link to the proceeding is sent to each participant's parliamentary email account only. Members are not able to participate without a parliamentary account. Any members without access to their parliamentary email account are strongly encouraged to contact the Parliamentary Digital Service as soon as possible. Any member who requires training should speak to their whips' office or the Table Office.
15. Members participating remotely should join the video-conference call between 30 minutes and 60 minutes before the start of the broadcast. Members joining late may not be able to be admitted to the proceedings (see paragraph 21, 4th bullet).

Members should ideally take part in proceedings from a quiet room with no background noise and a reliable internet connection. Members will not be admitted into proceedings if they are in moving vehicles.

Adjournments between business

16. It may be necessary to have short adjournments between items of hybrid business to enable different groups of members to exit and enter the Chamber while observing social distancing, as well as to onboard members remotely for the next item of business.
17. Similar adjournments may be necessary in hybrid Grand Committee for the reasons outlined above and to enable sanitising requirements.

Speakers' Lists and deadlines

18. The Government Whips' Office organise Speakers' Lists and issue specific guidance about the deadlines for individual items of business. In general the following timings apply for both the hybrid House and (where applicable) hybrid Grand Committee:

Type of business	Deadline
Questions, debates, statutory instruments – deadline for signing up to speak	6pm two working days before (so Mon for Wed, Tues for Thurs, Thurs for Mon, Fri for Tues)
PNQS and statements – deadline for signing up	4pm the working day before (Friday for a Monday)
Submission of PNQs to the Lord Speaker	12 noon the working day before (Friday for a Monday)
Amending stages of bills	See below

Members should not sign up to speak in concurrent items of business in the hybrid House and the hybrid Grand Committee. If members sign up to both then the Government Whips Office will contact them and ask that they choose just one piece of business to sign up to. Where it only becomes apparent during a sitting that two pieces of business will be concurrent then the Usual Channels will speak to members affected and ask them to scratch from one list.

General rules of debate

19. Notwithstanding the usual rules of procedure, in hybrid House and hybrid Grand Committee sittings:
 - No members may intervene on other speakers (*Companion 4.29*).
 - No backbench members should seek to draw attention to breaches of order or customs (*Companion 4.01*).
 - No members may speak in the gap (*Companion 4.26*).
20. For the sake of completeness it is also worth noting that:
 - Members have the permission of the House to speak from a seated position when participating remotely (SO 26, *Companion 4.14*), and they must do so when participating physically in a hybrid Grand Committee.
 - Lords Spiritual may participate without wearing robes (*Companion 4.15*).
21. Speakers should still:
 - Address the hybrid House or hybrid Grand Committee in general rather than a particular individual member, referring to others in the third person rather than as “you” (*Companion 4.18*).
 - Observe the customary courtesies, including using the normal appellations, avoiding taking up time by thanking other speakers for their contributions and not using props or exhibits.
 - Observe speaking times (*Companion 4.36, 6.51 and 6.67*).
 - Observe the rules on attendance at debate (*Companion 4.32-4.34*) and attend the start, end and greater part of the debate, including the opening speeches, the speeches before and after their own, and

the winding up speeches. This applies equally to debate on a group of amendments. Members participating physically should be present in the Chamber, the public gallery of the House¹ or hybrid Grand Committee room for those speeches. Members participating remotely must join the call before the start of proceedings and remain connected to the call throughout the debate.

- Declare their interests, recalling that declarations may be briefer when time is tight (*Guide to the Code of Conduct*, paragraph 98ff).

Oral questions

22. Oral questions take place after Prayers. The time for oral questions is 10 minutes for each question and supplementaries. Backbench or frontbench members who want to ask a supplementary question must sign up to do so in advance (via the Government Whips' Office). The Procedure and Privileges Committee has agreed that all supplementary questions should be limited to no more than 30 seconds and ministerial replies should be succinct. Members may sign up for only one supplementary question each day to allow maximum participation.² The final Speakers' List issued by the Government Whips' Office for each oral question is limited to a maximum of 10 members and is drawn up by the Usual Channels.
23. Oral question slots are allocated by the Table Office by a ballot. Oral questions may only be changed up to 48 hours in advance of the question being asked; the 48 hours does not include weekends and bank holidays. Topical oral questions are allocated by ballot as usual.

Private notice questions

24. The time for private notice questions (PNQs) is 15 minutes for each question and supplementaries.
25. The final Speakers' List issued by the Government Whips' Office for each PNQ is limited to a maximum of 12 members and is drawn up by the Usual Channels.
26. The following timings apply:
 - (a) The deadline for PNQ submissions is 12 noon the working day before a PNQ is taken;
 - (b) A decision on submissions is made by 2pm: all members will be emailed about the decision and any Speakers' List is opened;
 - (c) No PNQs can be submitted on Thursdays if the next sitting is not until Monday;
 - (d) The Speakers' List is closed at 4pm the day before the PNQ is taken.

1 Members in the public gallery should alert the doorkeeper to their presence to ensure their presence is recorded.

2 If a member signs up to speak in more than one oral question on a day, the Government Whips' Office will, in the first instance, email the member to ask them to remove their name from all but one list by the deadline. If they continue to ignore this advice, the GWO has the power on subsequent occasions to remove that member from all oral questions Speakers' Lists on each day when they sign up to multiple lists.

27. Members may submit the same question to the Lord Speaker as a PNQ on a Monday or Tuesday as they have submitted to the topical oral question ballot. But, if they are successful in the topical oral question ballot, they must withdraw their PNQ request. This prevents members from asking the same question twice.

Oral statements

28. Repetition of oral statements is a matter for agreement on a case by case basis within the Usual Channels. The Usual Channels may decide that the oral statement itself does not need to be repeated by the Minister but instead can be taken as read, especially if the statement is being repeated some time after it was made in the House of Commons. As soon as a decision on a statement is made by the Usual Channels, all members receive an email with the timing of the statement and a deadline for signing up to ask a question on the statement. The deadline for signing up to speak is 4pm the day before the proceeding on the statement.
29. Once the deadline has passed each party/group orders their speakers following the normal pattern of rotating interventions. Non-affiliated peers and Bishops are allocated 1 question between them across each oral statement session. The Government Whips' Office publish as part of Today's List the order in which members will participate, subject to a maximum of 16 members for backbench questions limited to 20 minutes, and 24 members for backbench questions limited to 30 minutes.
30. Questions on Urgent Questions from the House of Commons may be asked on a subsequent day. The process for signing up to ask a supplementary question is as above. The final Speakers' List issued by the Government Whips' Office for each Urgent Question is limited to a maximum of 10 members and is drawn up by the Usual Channels.

Statutory instruments

31. Debates on statutory instruments in both the hybrid House and the hybrid Grand Committee are time limited to either 60 minutes or 90 minutes depending on how many members sign up to speak. Ministers have 8 minutes to open a debate and 10 minutes to wind-up. Opposition Frontbenchers have 6 minutes to wind-up.

Brief business after oral questions

32. The House often considers a series of brief motions after oral questions. These include Business of the House motions, business of the Senior Deputy Speaker and Conduct Committee motions, and amending stages with no amendments (though see below on third reading). These motions are treated as physical business only. There are no Speakers' Lists but interventions from members attending physically are possible. Members intending to do so should give notice to the Table and the Chair. No remote participation is possible except by the mover of the motion if they cannot attend the House.

Business on Thursdays and Fridays

33. Until further notice, Thursday and Friday sittings of the hybrid House may be used for legislation which shall have precedence over other business.

Privilege

34. Hybrid House and hybrid Grand Committee proceedings attract all the usual protections of parliamentary privilege.
35. Members should be aware that if they participate in the hybrid House or hybrid Grand Committee sitting remotely from outside the United Kingdom, while their contributions will still be covered by the protections of parliamentary privilege in the UK, there is no guarantee that the legal system of the country from which they are speaking would take this view.

Broadcasting

36. Hybrid House sittings are broadcast. Members participating remotely may be visible to participants in the Chamber (but not shown on the broadcast) when the Minister is responding to their question at question time, or during statements and PNQs. Occasional wide-angle views of the Chamber participants will be broadcast.
37. Hybrid Grand Committee sittings are also broadcast.

Remote voting

38. The Business of the House motion agreed by the House on 4 June made provision for the hybrid House to vote using a remote voting system.
39. The Chair will put the Question in the usual way and collect the voices as described in the following paragraph.
40. When putting the Question in the hybrid House, the Chair will collect voices in the Chamber only. If a member taking part remotely intends to trigger a Division, they should make this clear when speaking on the motion or amendment. A member intending to press to a division an amendment or motion already debated should give notice to the Chair in the substantive debate. The Chair will acknowledge any such statements before collecting the voices and factor them into the outcome.
41. If a decision is not reached by collecting the voices, the Chair will say “The Question will be decided by a remote division. I instruct the clerk to start a remote division.” The clerk will then start the division on the remote voting system. The Chair will inform members that they have 10 minutes to record their votes electronically and end by saying “Clear the Bar.” The division bells will be sounded on the Estate and on the remote voting site.
42. When members vote using the remote voting system they will be able to see which item of business they are voting on (for example the bill title, the bill stage and the amendment number or the motion) and the name of the member moving the motion or amendment.
43. No tellers will be appointed for a remote division.
44. As in physical proceedings, a member may vote in a division although they did not hear the Question put.
45. The clerk at the Table will be able to record the vote of any member in the Chamber who is temporarily unable to vote through their electronic device and cannot leave the Chamber to rectify the problem in the time available.

46. Members who have accessibility needs which mean they cannot use the remote voting system, and who intend to participate remotely, should make arrangements at least 24 hours in advance with the Clerk of the Table Office (LordsVotes@parliament.uk) for their vote to be recorded.
47. With the exception of the members mentioned in paragraphs 45 and 46, all members must vote using the remote voting system.
48. Members may record their vote in a remote division for a period of 10 minutes from its initiation.
49. The Chair may extend, interrupt or suspend a remote division if notified of a technical problem. They will notify the House of this by making an announcement from the Woolsack.
50. When the time allowed for remote voting (usually 10 minutes) has elapsed, the clerk will rise and bow to the Chair who will inform the hybrid House that the remote voting period has ended. No further members may vote after this point.
51. The result of a remote division will be announced from the Woolsack as soon as it is available.
52. If, after the result of a remote division has been announced, it is reported to the Chair that problems in the conduct of the division occurred which might have affected the result, the Chair may declare the division to be void and may make arrangements for the division to be re-run. If the correction involves the reversal of a decision of the House and the House has taken further action on the basis of the mistaken announcement, any proceedings taken on the basis of that announcement should be voided unless irreversible.
53. In the event that the remote voting system fails, this will be announced following discussion with the Usual Channels. If an issue can be resolved quickly the House could, as now, adjourn and return to the item of business later the same day. If that is not possible, the announcement will indicate whether the division and any further votes that day will be deferred or whether the contingency email voting process will be used. Where possible, an email will be sent to all members to inform them of this decision.
54. Divisions can be deferred to a later day where the result of a division does not affect continuing the business of the day. Such deferred divisions should take place at the earliest convenience once the system has been repaired and tested. Such divisions can only take place during a sitting of the House. The timing of such divisions will be indicated on the Order Paper.
55. At the agreed time for a deferred division, the Chair will announce the division from the Woolsack and the procedure will be exactly the same as that for a standard remote division.
56. If however the deferral of a division is not appropriate (for example where there are consequential amendments or when it is desired to conclude the business on that day), the contingency email voting process will be used. An email from LordsVotes@parliament.uk will be sent to the parliamentary address of each member inviting members to cast their vote by email. The time allowed will be agreed by the Usual Channels. The first vote received from each member will be counted. Obtaining the result of a division conducted using

the contingency process would take longer than a vote conducted using the standard remote voting process. The result of a division conducted using the contingency process would be announced in the Chamber in the usual way.

57. Members should not misuse the remote voting system or the contingency email voting process by having any other person vote on their behalf. The House has agreed the following provision in the Code of Conduct:

“Members may not allow another member or other person to cast a vote on their behalf during any electronic division in proceedings. Any member who does so commits a breach of this Code which the House would view with the utmost seriousness.”³

58. Guidance on how to use the remote voting system is available at <https://intranet.parliament.uk/Documents/Guide-to-Remote-Divisions.pdf>.
59. Divisions are not possible in the hybrid Grand Committee. When putting the Question, the Chair will collect the voices in the committee room only.

Amending stages of bills in hybrid House and hybrid Grand Committee sittings

60. Amending stages of bills in hybrid House (or hybrid Committee of the Whole House or hybrid Grand Committee) sittings are conducted as normal, with the following exceptions.

Speaking

61. Any member of the House may take part in an amending stage of a bill, providing they have signed up to the Participants List by 6pm two working days in advance, and subject to the capacity constraints set out above. Once the Participants List has been published, it will not be possible for further members to add their names, and thus to seek to take part in that day’s debate on the bill.
62. Participants may sign up to speak on a particular group either by tabling or adding their name to an amendment or by making an expression of interest to the Government Whips’ Office by 2pm on the working day before the stage. The same applies to speaking to the motions associated with amending stages. A member wishing to speak about the commitment of a bill should do so at second reading; the motion for third reading is not debated unless an amendment to it has been tabled. If no amendments are tabled for third reading (other than a Privilege Amendment), speeches on Bill Do Now Pass may be made only by the Minister, the other two front benchers and a representative of the crossbench peers, who may be present or remote.
63. The Chair is empowered to call speakers and determine the order in which they are to be called in accordance with the usual sequence of speeches.
64. Members wishing to speak after the Minister’s initial response, wherever they are, must indicate a desire to speak to the Chair and Clerk by e-mail.
65. The following further constraints apply after Committee stage:
- (a) No member may speak more than once to an amendment, except the Minister and the mover of the amendment in reply. A member may not

3 Conduct Committee 2nd Report 2019-21 (HL Paper 67); agreed by the House on 9 June 2020.

speaking again “to explain himself in some material point of their speech”.
(See *Companion* 8.136)

- (b) Only the mover of an amendment speaks after the Minister except where the Minister speaks early to assist the House. “Short questions of elucidation” are discouraged. (See *Companion* 8.137)

- 66. The Chair will have regard to these constraints when calling members to speak.

Amendments

- 67. Amendments may be tabled with the Public Bill Office in the normal way (but note that (i) the deadline for tabling amendments for publication the next working day is advanced from 5pm to 4pm, and (ii) the PBO is operating remotely and members should contact it only by telephone 020 7219 3153 or email hpublicbills@parliament.uk).
- 68. Members who add their name to an amendment will be assumed to want to speak in support of the amendment and will be added to the Participants List automatically unless it has closed.
- 69. Members are encouraged to add Explanatory Statements to their amendments, to reduce the need for explanation in debate.
- 70. In order to allow time for preparation and to ensure the orderly conduct of proceedings, the deadline for tabling amendments for inclusion in the Marshalled List is earlier than normal: 4pm on the day three working days before consideration. No amendments, including manuscript amendments, will be accepted once this deadline has passed, nor may names be added to amendments. For multi-day stages see below.
- 71. The requirement to marshal amendments three working days in advance means that in practice the minimum intervals for third reading and Consideration of Commons Amendments will need to be exceeded. This is a matter for the usual channels.
- 72. Each day’s groupings are binding. It will not be possible to de-group an amendment for separate debate on the same day once the groupings have been published. A member intending to press an amendment other than the lead amendment to a division should give notice to the Chair in the debate.
- 73. Leave should not be withheld to move formally en bloc amendments already debated, unless a member has signalled in advance their wish to oppose an amendment.
- 74. For multi-day stages, each planned day (D1, D2 etc.) has its own participants’ list and lists of speakers on each group. If a target is not reached, expressions of interest in groups deferred are carried forward to the next day on the bill. Amendments tabled and names added after the deadline for D1, and not overtaken by proceedings on D1, appear in the marshalled list for D2. Where D2 comes less than 3 days after D1, a provisional marshalled list for D2 is produced in advance of D1, followed by a revised marshalled list with amendments disposed of or overtaken on D1 removed. Neither amendments nor members’ names may be added between the two.

Sequence of events

75. The following table sets out the sequence of events.

3 working days before stage	Deadline for tabling amendments, 4pm. Marshalled List produced.
2 working days before stage	Government Whips' Office (GWO) opens Participants List at 10am and agrees groupings. List closes at 6pm.
1 working day before stage	GWO contacts participants for expressions of interest (EoIs) in specific groups – deadline 2pm.
<i>Day of stage</i>	
Morning	GWO issues lists of participants for day and speakers per group. Clerks produce briefs and brief Chair
Afternoon, not before 12.30pm	Stage takes place

Decisions

76. Members are encouraged to assist the Chair by discussing possible outcomes with staff in advance. Leave to withdraw an amendment should not be withheld.⁴ The standard rule against repeat amendments at Report stage (*Companion*, para 8.131) will not apply to addressing an error in a hybrid sitting, i.e. where the Chair may have mistaken the degree of unanimity among participants.
77. The usual guidance about third reading amendments is maintained but it will be applied flexibly if necessary to address a possible mistake at Report stage due to the nature of the proceedings.

Sitting time and adjournment

78. Hybrid sittings for amending stages of bills start no earlier than 12.30pm. The Chair may adjourn such a sitting at any point, either temporarily or for the day, and if necessary resume the House.

Messages and first readings

79. Messages may be sent and received when the House is not sitting. Messages are conveyed electronically and recorded by minute entry.
80. If a message includes a bill sent from the Commons, the bill may be read a first time on receipt, without any proceeding in the House even if sitting. First Reading will be recorded by minute entry.

Hybrid Grand Committees

81. Members may wish to note the following general points in relation to hybrid Grand Committees:
- They will sit for a maximum of five hours inclusive of any adjournments between items of business and will consider no more than one bill per day;

⁴ This principle also applies to withdrawal of motions and amendments to motions.

- Sitting times will be agreed through the Usual Channels. Initially they will sit from 2.30pm Monday-Thursday and from 11am on Fridays;
- The committee may adjourn for a remote division as required.

Review of the Guidance

82. We will keep this Guidance under review in the light of hybrid House and Grand Committee sittings and wider developments, and will publish further Guidance when necessary.